The Extended Paraphrase Typology (EPT)

1. Meta categories and structure of the typology

Category	Atomic Type	Sense preserving
Morphology based	Inflectional Changes	Positive and negative
<u>changes</u>	Modal Verb Changes	Positive only
	Derivational Changes	Positive only
	Spelling changes	Positive only
	Same polarity substitution (habitual)	Positive only
<u>Lexicon based</u>	Same polarity substitution (contextual)	Positive and negative
<u>changes</u>	Same polarity substitution (named entities)	Positive and negative
	Change of format	Positive only
	Opposite polarity substitution (habitual)	Positive only
<u>Lexical-syntactic</u>	Opposite polarity substitution (contextual)	Positive and negative
<u>based changes</u>	Synthetic/analytic substitution	Positive only
	Modifier	Positive only
	Converse substitution	Positive and negative
	Diathesis alternation	Positive and negative
	Negation switching	Positive and negative
Syntax based	Ellipsis	Positive only
<u>changes</u>	Coordination changes	Positive only
	Subordination and nesting changes	Positive only
	Argument realization	Positive only
	Genitive	Positive only
	Punctuation changes	Positive only
<u>Discourse based</u>	Direct/indirect style alternations	Positive and negative
<u>changes</u>	Sentence modality changes	Positive only
	Syntax/discourse structure changes	Positive only
Other changes	Addition/Deletion	Positive and negative
	Change of order	Positive only
	General Inferences	Positive and negative
	Semantic based	Positive only
<u>Paraphrase</u>	Identity	Positive only
<u>extremes</u>	Non-paraphrase	Negative only
	Entailment	Positive and negative

2. Examples of atomic types

Morphology based changes

- Inflectional changes:

Positive sense preserving:

"It was with difficulty that the course of streets could be followed"

"You couldn't even follow the path of the street"

Negative sense preserving:

"You can't travel from Barcelona to Mallorca with the boat."

"Boats can't travel from Barcelona to Mallorca."

- Modal-verb changes:

Positive sense preserving:

"I was still lost in conjectures who they might be."

"I was pondering who they could be."

- Derivational changes:

Positive sense preserving:

"I have heard many accounts of him all differing from each other."

"I have heard many different things about him."

Lexicon based changes

Spelling changes:

Positive sense preserving:

"doesn't fit the company's long-term strategy."

"does not fit in our long-term growth strategy."

Same-polarity substitution (habitual):

Positive sense preserving:

"A federal magistrate in Fort Lauderdale ordered him held without bail."

"Zuccarini was ordered held without bail Wednesday by a federal **judge** in Fort Lauderdale, Fla."

- <u>Same-polarity substitution (contextual):</u>

Positive sense preserving:

"Meanwhile, the global death toll **approached** 770 with more than 8,300 people sickened since the severe acute respiratory syndrome virus first appeared in southern China in November."

"The global death toll from SARS **was** at least 767, with more than 8,300 people sickened since the virus first appeared in southern China in November."

Negative sense preserving:

"The loonie, meanwhile, continued to slip in early trading Friday."

"The loonie, meanwhile, was on the rise again early Thursday."

- <u>Same-polarity substitution (named entities):</u>

Positive sense preserving:

He told The Sun newspaper that **Mr. Hussein**'s daughters had British schools and hospitals in mind when they decided to ask for asylum."

"Saddam's daughters had British schools and hospitals in mind when they decided to ask for asylum -- especially the schools," he told The Sun."

Negative sense preserving:

"Yucaipa owned Dominick's before selling the chain to Safeway in 1998 for \$2.5 billion." "Yucaipa bought Dominick's in 1995 for \$693 million and sold it to Safeway for \$1.8 billion in 1998."

- Change of format:

Positive sense preserving:

"fell 1.5 %"

"fell 1.5 percent"

Lexical-syntactic based changes

- Opposite-polarity substitution (habitual):

Positive sense preserving:

"Leicester failed in both enterprises."

"He did not succeed in either case."

- Opposite-polarity substitution (contextual):

Positive sense preserving:

"A big surge in consumer confidence has **provided** the only positive economic news in recent weeks."

"Only a big surge in consumer confidence has interrupted the bleak economic news."

Negative sense preserving:

"Johnson quickly accepted the proposal."

"Johnson rejected the proposal without hesitation."

Synthetic/analytic substitution

Positive sense preserving:

"A sequence of ideas"

"ideas"

- <u>Modifier</u>

Positive sense preserving:

"Doña Porcela is a respected traditional healer."

"Doña Porcela is a healer."

- Converse substitution

Positive sense preserving:

"The Geological society of London in 1855 **awarded to him** the Wollaston medal." "Resulted in him **receiving** the Wollaston medal **from** the Geological society in London in 1855."

Negative sense preserving:

"Last Monday, John bought the new black car from his friend Sam."

"Last week, John sold his black car to Sam, his friend from high school."

Syntactic based changes

- <u>Diathesis alternation</u>

Positive sense preserving:

"The guide drew our attention to a gloomy little dungeon."

"Our attention was drawn by our guide to a little dungeon."

Negative sense preserving:

"The president gave a speech about his plan to change the Constitution."

"The president was given a speech about his plan to change the Constitution."

Negation switching

Positive sense preserving:

In order to move us, it needs **no** reference to any recognized original."

"One **does not** need to recognize a tangible object to be moved by its artistic representation."

Negative sense preserving:

"Frege did not say that Hesperus is Phosphorus."

"Frege said that Hesperus is not Phosphorus."

- Ellipsis

Positive sense preserving:

"In the scenes with lago **he** equaled Salvini, yet did not in any one point surpass him."

"He equaled Salvini, in the scenes with lago, but he did not in any point surpass him or imitate him."

Coordination changes

Positive sense preserving:

"It is estimated that he spent nearly \$10,000 on these works. In addition he published a large number of separate papers."

"Altogether these works cost him almost \$10,000 and he wrote of small papers as well."

Subordination and nesting changes

Positive sense preserving:

"The Russian law, which limits the percentage of Jewish pupils in any school, barred his admission."

"The Russian law had limits for Jewish students so they barred his admission."

- Argument realization

Positive sense preserving:

"British writer Doris Lessing, recipient of the 2007 Nobel Prize in Literature."

"Doris Lessing won the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2007."

- Genitive

Positive sense preserving:

"Mexico's new president"

"New president of Mexico"

Discourse based changes

- Punctuation changes

Positive sense preserving:

"Swartz repaid it in full, with interest, according to his lawyer, Charles Stillman."

"Swartz repaid it with interest, according to his lawyer, Charles Stillman."

- <u>Direct/indirect style alternations</u>

Positive sense preserving:

"She is mine", said the Great Spirit.

The Great Spirit said that she is hers.

Negative sense preserving:

"I'm on my way!", said Peter and hung up his phone.

Peter called Ana to tell her that she is on her way.

- Sentence modality changes

Positive sense preserving:

"The real question is, will it pay? Will it please Theophilus P. Polk or vex Harriman Q. Kunz?"

"He do it just for earning money or to please Theophilys P. Polk or vex Hariman Q. Kunz."

Syntax/discourse structure changes

Positive sense preserving:

"How he would stare!"

"He would surely stare!"

Other changes

- Addition/Deletion

Positive sense preserving:

"One day, she took a hot flat-iron, removed my clothes, and held it on my naked back until I howled with pain."

"As a proof of bad treatment, she took a hot flat-iron and put it on my back after removing my clothes."

Negative sense preserving:

"Legislation making it harder for consumers to erase their debts in bankruptcy court won overwhelming House approval in March."

"Legislation making it harder for consumers to erase their debts in bankruptcy court won speedy, House approval in March and was endorsed by the White House."

- Change of order

Positive sense preserving:

"First, we came to the tall palm trees."

"We got to some rather biggish palm trees first. "

- General Inferences

Positive sense preserving:

"Uncle Tarek was born Aribert Ferdinand Heim."

"The real name of Tarek Hussein Farid was Aribert Ferdinand Heim."

Negative sense preserving:

"Children were among the victims of a plane crash that killed as many as 17 people Sunday in Butte, Montana."

"17 adults died in a plane crash in Montana."

- Semantic based

Positive sense preserving:

"The scenery was altogether more tropical."

"Which added to the tropical appearance."